

### **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) An isolated and purified protein constituting part or all of a mammalian neuronal cationic ASIC channel that is sensitive to amiloride and activated by protons, wherein the amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4, and SEQ ID NO: 8.

2.-10. (Canceled)

11. (Currently Amended) A nucleic acid molecule comprising a an isolated and purified nucleic acid sequence coding for the protein according to claim 1.

12. (Currently Amended) The nucleic acid molecule according to claim 11, comprising the nucleic acid sequence ~~bounded by~~from nucleotides 123 and 1700<sub>1</sub> inclusive<sub>1</sub> of the sequence represented in SEQ ID NO: 1.

13. (Currently Amended) The nucleic acid molecule according to claim 11, comprising the nucleic acid sequence ~~bounded by~~from nucleotides 1 and 1542<sub>1</sub> inclusive<sub>1</sub> of SEQ ID NO: 3.

14. (Canceled)

15. (Currently Amended) The nucleic acid molecule according to claim 11, comprising the nucleic acid sequence ~~bounded by~~from nucleotides 109 and 1785<sub>1</sub> inclusive<sub>1</sub> of SEQ ID NO: 7.

16. (Canceled)

17. (Previously presented) A vector comprising at least one nucleic acid molecule according to claim 11, combined with control sequences.

18. (Previously presented) A method for producing a protein according to claim 1 comprising:

- transferring a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein or a vector comprising said nucleic acid molecule into a cell host,
- culturing said cell host under conditions allowing production of the protein, and
- isolating the protein.

19. (Previously presented) A method for expressing a protein according to claim 1 comprising:

- transferring a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein or a vector comprising said nucleic acid molecule into a cell host, and
- culturing said cell host under conditions allowing production of the protein.

20. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 18, wherein the cell host is a bacteria or a eukaryote cell selected from the group consisting of yeasts, mammal cells, plant cells and insect cells.

21. (Previously presented) A transformed cell expressing the mammalian neuronal cationic ASIC channels obtained by the method according to claim 18.

22. (Currently amended) A method for screening a substance capable of modulating activity of mammalian neuronal cationic ASIC channels, comprising:

measuring the current of said mammalian neuronal cationic ASIC channel in a transformed cell expressing the mammalian neuronal ASIC cationic channels the amino acid sequence of which is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 4 and SEQ ID NO: 8, prior to contacting said substance with the transformed cells;

contacting variable quantities of a substance to be tested with the transformed cells;

measuring changes in current caused by the substance on said mammalian neuronal cationic ASIC channels; and

determining that the substance is capable of modulating activity of the mammalian neuronal cationic channels if the current is different than current measured prior to contacting said substance with said transformed cells.

23. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 22, wherein said substance is capable of decreasing post-ischemic neuronal loss, modulating the perception of acidity ~~and~~or affecting nociception and taste transduction.

24.-25. (Canceled).

26. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 19, wherein the cell host is either a prokaryote or an eukaryote selected from the group consisting of bacteria, yeasts, mammals, plants and insects.

27. (Previously presented) A transformed cell expressing the mammalian neuronal amiloride-sensitive proton-activated cationic ASIC channels obtained by the method of claim 19.

28-29. (Canceled)